

INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY SYLLABUS

Subject Code: 5924

For Examination in 2025 - 2026

Eswatini Prevocational
Certificate of Secondary Education
EPCSE

Information and Communication Technology (5924) syllabus 2025-2026

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THE ESWATINI PREVOCATIONAL EDUCATION PROGRAMME

Broad Guidelines

The Ministry of Education and Training is committed to strengthen and reform the Prevocational Education Programme (National Vocational Education and Training and Skills Development, 2010) in order to provide equitable access for all students of appropriate age to qualify secondary education (Form 4 and 5). The Programme and its assessment system prepares the students for:

- their role in the socio-economic life of Eswatini and the world of work, and
- further vocational, technical and tertiary education

Eswatini National Education and Training Policy Directives

The Eswatini Prevocational Education Programme in Form 4 and Form 5 offers all students important learning opportunities regardless of their particular chosen programme area. Students in the programme:

- develop skills that can be applied now and in their future activities;
- refine career planning skills;
- improve entrepreneurial potential;
- acquire technology-related competence;
- enhance employability opportunities;
- demonstrate increased self-confidence and independence:
- apply and reinforce competencies developed in other study areas.

The National Curriculum for Form 4 and Form 5

Leaners are exposed to learning experiences that catalyse the development of basic competencies in all programme areas. These competences include:

- Managing learning
- Independent learning
- Managing resources
- Problem solving and innovation
- Effective communication
- Working with others
- Responsibility
- Critical thinking
- Technology application

To enhance the development of these skills, students must enrol for the **five academic** core subjects, **two prevocational** core subjects and one **prevocational elective** chosen from four subjects.

Academic Core	Prevocational Core	Prevocational Electives
SiSwatiEnglish languageMathematicsSciencesReligious Education	EntrepreneurshipInformation and Communications Technology	 Agricultural Technology Business Accounting Food and Textiles Technology Technical Studies

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INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

The Eswatini Prevocational Education Programme is designed as a two-year course for examination after completion of the 12th year of senior secondary level. The syllabus is designed to meet the requirements of the Prevocational Curriculum Guides developed by the National Curriculum Centre (NCC).

The overall goal of the programme is to improve the effectiveness of the education system in Eswatini to equip students with IT related career competency skills. This is to create a holistic individual with appropriate competencies for self-employment, employment and further training. The programme will produce a learner who is adequately competent in academic and vocational skills.

The PREVOC programme for Form 4 and Form 5 students is designed to respond to the many challenges of an evolving modern society. This curriculum will assist students to develop personal daily living skills and entry-level career competencies of IT by providing a nurturing and flexible learning environment that supports the development of responsible citizenship and acceptable work-force qualifications.

These assessment guidelines for the Prevocational programme provide a detailed structure to the curriculum and explain how assessment should be developed and carried out as an integral part of classroom teaching and learning. The National Curriculum Guidelines are applicable in Form 4 and Form 5

RATIONALE

Information and Communications Technology (ICT) is an applied subject and all Prevocational students will require frequent access to computer and internet facilities to develop the requisite skills. The syllabus aims to provide students with the knowledge, understanding and skills to adapt to variety of situations using ICT to emerging technologies. It will help students to be creative in starting and organising an enterprise and be able to further their education.

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AIMS

The aims of the syllabus are the same for all students. These aims are set out below and describe the educational purposes of the course in Information and Communication Technology examination. They are not listed in order of priority.

The aims are to enable students to:

- 1 Find and select authentic and relevant information (AO1)
- **2** Process information (AO2)
- **3** Analyse processed information (AO3)
- 4 Communicate information using appropriate presentation media (AO2)
- 5 Understand the components of computer systems used to tackle problems in a business environment (AO4)
- 6 Understand the different types of Networks and Networking technologies (AO2)
- **7** Effectively use the internet (AO4)

PRIOR KNOWLEDGE

The programme is designed for all students including those who do not have any ICT background.

PROGRESSION

The Prevocational Information and Communication Technology qualification enables candidates to progress directly to gainful employment, self-employment or further education.

TEACHING HOURS

The size of the qualification is described in terms of Guided Learning Hours (GLH) and Total Qualification Time (TQT). The GHL is 180 hours (230 hours TQT) over 2 years.

GLH is teacher student contact hours which includes time spent on teaching and learning.

TQT includes GLH, supervising, invigilating, summative assessments and unsupervised learning (personal study, independent investigation) activities.

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ASSESSMENT

This section details the assessment objectives, the specification grid, description of the papers, scheme of assessment and weighting of papers.

The assessment for the PREVOC ICT programme follows the Depth of Knowledge (DoK) model developed by Norman Web. This model is preferred over others because it is applied to learning expectations and aligns itself well with the assessment of the Prevocational objectives.

The DoK model is more applicable to the assessment of Prevocational tasks and cognitive demands as it categorises the tasks according to complexity of thinking required to successfully complete them. It extends beyond what is done to how it is done.

ASSESMENT OBJECTIVES (AO)

The Assessment Objectives in ICT are categorised as follows:

AO1 Recall and reproduction

AO2 Skills and concepts

AO3 Strategic thinking

AO4 Extended thinking

A brief description of the Assessment Objectives

AO1 Recall and reproduction

Involves the recall of information and /or rote application of simple procedures. Students are required to demonstrate routine responses, e.g. recall a formula, facts, principles, properties; perform routine tasks etc.

These are some of the verbs which may be used:

arrange, define, identify, state, etc.

AO2 Skills and concepts

This level involves some mental processing beyond simply recalling or reproducing a response. It requires two or more steps in processing of texts or part of texts. Students will be required to make observations, basic analysis or interpretation of information.

These are some of the verbs which may be used:

apply, label, classify, compare, distinguish, estimate, draw, interpret, observe, modify, organise, predict, sketch, etc.

AO3 Strategic thinking

This will involve coming up with plans in line with business's objectives within a particular context. It helps to perform long term planning, set goals and determine priorities, as well as identifying potential risks and opportunities.

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These are some of the verbs which may be used:

explain, analyse, assess, critique, develop, differentiate, justify, hypothesise, investigate, review, solve, etc.

AO4 Extended thinking

At this level the reasoning is more complex. Students are required to use extended or integrated higher order thinking processes such as critical and creative reproductive thinking, reflection and adjustments of plans over time.

These are some of the verbs which may be used:

compose, create, design, evaluate, judge, propose, formulate, synthesize, etc.

NB: the verbs listed (AO1 - AO4) are meant to enhance understanding of the DoK model. However, the command words that will be used in this syllabus are stated in Appendix 3

SPECIFICATION GRID

The approximate weightings allocated to each of these assessment objectives are summarised in the table below.

Assessment Objectives	Weighting (%)
AO1 Recall and reproduction	30
AO2 Skills and concepts	28
AO3 Strategic thinking	26
AO4 Extended thinking	16

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The Assessment Objectives are weighted to give an indication of their relative importance. The percentages are not intended to provide a precise statement of the number of marks allocated to particular assessment objectives

The table below shows the further percentage break down of the assessment objectives for each examination paper.

	Assessment Objectives				
Paper	Recall and reproduction	Skills and concepts	Strategic thinking	Extended thinking	Total
1	20% [32 marks]	5% [8 marks]			25% [40 marks]
2	10% [23 marks]	15% [34 marks]	10% [23 marks]		35% [80 marks]
3		8% [20 marks]	16% [40 marks]	16% [40 marks]	40% [100 marks]
Total	30%	28%	26%	16%	100

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SCHEME OF ASSESSMENT

The examination will consist of three papers: Paper 1, 2 and 3. Paper 1 will be divided into two sections. Section A will consist of multiple-choice questions and Section B short and structured constructed questions. Paper 2 will be a Practical. Paper 3 will be a project. All three papers are compulsory. Candidates in this syllabus are eligible for Grades A* to G.

Any professional or freeware software can be used for paper 2 and paper 3.

DESCRIPTION OF PAPERS

Paper 1:

This paper consists of 40 multiple choice questions worth 40 marks.

The paper assesses AO1 and AO2. The duration of the paper is 1 hour.

This paper contributes 25% towards the overall mark.

Paper 2:

This paper is a practical worth **80** marks, assessing AO2 and AO3. Duration is 2 hours 30 minutes. ECESWA will provide guidelines on how to conduct the practical exams.

This paper contributes **35%** towards the overall mark.

Paper 3

This paper requires students to complete a school-based project and marks are allocated in **three** stages which are: written proposal, developmental and evaluation. This paper is worth 100 marks assessing objectives AO2, AO3 and AO4. The duration of the project is 26 hours from February to August. The candidate's work consists of a portfolio of evidence of school-based assessment covering the three stages.

The project will be externally assessed by an Examiner who will be appointed by ECESWA. The External Examiner will be a specialist in the subject area who will not be a classroom teacher. The external Examiner will assess each stage of the project using a confidential assessment criterion developed by ECESWA. This will contribute 100% towards the overall mark of the project.

Centres will submit candidates' proposals to ECESWA by 31st March each year for external assessment

The practical (Paper 3) contributes 40% towards the overall syllabus mark.

Contents of a Portfolio

The portfolio must include sufficient evidence e.g. photographs and write-ups of all the stages of the project and any other relevant information to prove originality.

The portfolio must include the candidate's name, Centre name and candidate's number for identification purposes

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CURRICULUM CONTENT

The abbreviations i.e. and e.g. have contextual meanings in this syllabus. Content which follows an i.e. must be taught and content which follows an e.g. indicates that students must know and be able use as examples.

GENERAL OBJECTIVES At the end of the programme students can:	Content (C) Students learn about:	Outcome (O) Students learn to:
1.1 demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the use of ICT in business	C1.1.1 Computer systems i.e.: (a) Laptops (b) Tablets (c) Desktops (d) Smartphones (e) Mainframe (f) Embedded Computers (smart TV, car satnav and quantum computing)	O1.1.1.1 state and describe the types of computer systems O1.1.1.2 describe their uses within a variety of business contexts O1.1.1.3 state and discuss the advantages and disadvantages of computer systems
	C1.1.2 Uses of computer applications in a business context: (a) Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) (b) Internet Banking (c) Mobile Banking (d) Electronic Funds Transfer at Point Of Sale (EFTPOS)	O1.1.2.1 select the different types of computer applications for business contexts O1.1.2.2 discuss uses of computer systems in business contexts O1.1.2.3 Describe the computer processing involved in computer applications O1.1.2.4 explain the advantages and disadvantages of computer systems
	C1.1.3 Emerging technologies i.e.: (a) Robotics, (b) Artificial Intelligence (AI), (c) Internet of Everything (IoE) (d) Virtual reality (e) Vision enhancement	O1.1.3.1 state the different emerging technologies O1.1.3.2 state their uses within a business context O1.1.3.3 Discuss the impact of emerging technologies on business O1.1.3.4 discuss the impact of emerging technologies on society

1.2 demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the functions of hardware components of computers	C1.2.1 Main components of computers i.e.: (a) Central Processing Unit (CPU) (b) Motherboard (c) Random Access Memory (RAM) (d) Read Only Memory (ROM) (e) Graphics card (f) Sound card (g) Storage (Hard disk drive, Solid state drive) (h) Ports and Connectors (Display, USB, SATA)	O1.2.1.1 Define the term hardware O1.2.1.2 Differentiate between internal and external hardware components O1.2.1.3 identify and describe the main components of a computer O1.2.1.4 describe the function and purpose of the main components of a computer
	C1.2.2 Types of Input devices i.e.: (a) Manual input devices: (i) Keyboard (ii) Numeric keypad (iii) mouse (iv) touchscreen (v) scanner (vi) cameras (vii) microphone (viii) joystick	O1.2.2.1 Define the term peripheral device O1.2.2.2 Define the term input device and explain why it is needed O1.2.2.3 state and describe input devices of computers O1.2.2.4 discuss uses of input devices of a computer O1.2.2.5 discuss the advantages and disadvantages of each manual input device
	(b) Direct data entry: (i) Magnetic Stripe Reader, (ii) Chip and PIN Reader (iii) Bar code Reader (iv) Magnetic Ink Character	O1.2.2.6 explain how direct data entry input devices work, including medium of transmission and how transmission takes place. O1.2.2.7 discuss uses of input devices of a computer O1.2.2.8 discuss the advantages and disadvantages of each direct input device

Recognition (MICR),	
(v) Optical Mark Recognition	
(OMR) (vi) Optical Character Reader (OCR) (vii) Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) Reader (viii) QR Code	
Scanner (ix) Biometrics	
output devices i.e.: (a) Printer (3D printer, Inkjet, Laser, Plotter, dot matrix) (b) Display devices	O1.2.3.1 Define the term output device and why it is needed. O1.2.3.1 state and describe output devices of computers O1.2.3.2 discuss uses of output devices of a computer O1.2.3.3 discuss the advantages and disadvantages of each output device
media i.e.: (a) Magnetic i.e.: (i) Fixed hard disk drive (internal	O1.2.4.1 Define the term storage, backup, backing and why it is needed. O1.2.4.2 Differentiate between primary storage and secondary storage and explain why they are both needed O1.2.4.3 state and describe types of storage devices and associated media
storage) (b) Solid-State i.e.: (i) Solid-state drive	O.1.2.4.4 explain uses of the different types storage devices and associated media in a business environment
(SSD), (ii) Flash drives (Memory stick, USB drive, pen drive) (iii) SD card (c) Optical i.e.: (i) CD	O.1.2.4.5 Define what is meant by cloud storage O.1.2.4.6 Explain how data is stored, managed and shared use cloud computing O.1.2.4.7 Discuss advantages and disadvantages of storing data on the cloud compared to storing it locally

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- (ii) DVD
- (iii) Blu-ray disc
- (d) Cloud storage

C1.2.5 Sensors and actuators

- a) Sensors (humidity, light, moisture, temperature, pH, proximity, pressure, infra-red, gas)
- b) Actuators (sound / acoustic, motor, buzzer, pump)
- C1.2.6 trouble shooting i.e.:
 - (a) Common hardware problems
 (Computer can't turn on, Noisy Computer,
 Peripherals not working, Computer too slow, Dropped internet connection)
 - (b) Process of troubleshooting

C1.2.7 Health issues

- a) Repetitive strain injury (RSI)
- b) Back problems, eye problems
- c) Headache

O.1.2.5.1 Define the terms sensors, actuator and why it is needed
O.1.2.5.2 Identify the type of data captured by each sensor and explain when each sensor could

be used.

- O1.2.6.1 State and discuss common hardware problems
- O1.2.6.2 state and explain the process of troubleshooting common hardware problems

- O1.2.7.1 Describe repetitive strain injury (RSI) and what causes it
- O1.2.7.2 Identify back problems, eye problems, headache and describe strategies of preventing these.
- O1.2.7.3 Evaluate the use of IT equipment and develop strategies to minimise the health risks

1.3 demonstrate	C1.3.1 Types and uses of	O1.3.1.1Define the term software
knowledge and	software	
understanding of software	(a) Off the shelf (b) bespoke (c) open-source (d) freeware (e) shareware	O1.3.1.2 state and describe the types of software O1.3.1.3 discuss the uses of software in a business
	C1.3.2 Classes of system software i.e.	O1.3.2.1 Define and describe the classes of software (system, application and utilities) and explain why they
	(a) System software (i) Operating Systems(OS) i.e: (Linux,	are needed O.1.3.2.2 Describe the differences between system software and application software
	Windows, Android) (ii) Linkers (iii) Compilers (iv) Device drivers	O1.2.2.3 Describe the role and basic functions of an operating system including: managing multitasking, providing an interface, managing files, handling interrupts, managing peripherals and drivers, providing system
	(b) Application software (i) Word Processor (ii) Spreadsheet (iii) Database (iv) Presentation (v) Desktop publishing (vi) Website authoring (vii) Picture and video editing	security, managing memory) O1.3.2.2 explain the uses of different software classes in business environment
	(c) Utilities (i) Disk Cleaner / Repair (ii) Defragmenters (iii) Backup of files (iv) File management (v) Antivirus (vi) Anti-spyware	O1.3.3.1 State and discuss system requirements, installation and compatibility O1.3.3.2 explain why a system may cause glitches and fail

С	C1.3.3 System software requirements and compatibility i.e.: (a) Memory	
	(b) Storage	
	(c) Speed	
1.4 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of computer system management	management (a) System maintenance (i) Hardware processes	O1.4.1.1 state and describe system maintenance of hardware processes O1.4.1.2 state and describe system maintenance of software processes O1.4.1.3 explain the importance of system maintenance (hardware and software processes) in business

2. COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGIES			
GENERAL OBJECTIVES At the end of the programme students can:	Students will learn about:	Students will learn to:	
2.1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of network technologies	C2.1.1 Types of networks (a) Local Area Network(LAN), (b) Wide Area Network(WAN), (c) Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN)	O2.1.1.1 define the term network O2.1.1.2 describe types of networks O2.1.1.3 state the uses of different types of networks O2.1.1.4 state and discuss the types of computers found in a network (server, client, workstation) O2.1.1.5 explain the advantages and disadvantages of networking in a business context	
	C2.1 .2 Basic network devices in a business environment (a) Router (b) Switch (c) Hub (d) Network Interface Card(NIC) / Wireless Network interface card (e) Bridge (f) Wireless Access Point(WAP) (g) Network Cables	O2.1.2 state and describe the uses of basic network devices in a business environment	
	C2.1.3 Wireless technology (i) Wi-Fi (ii) Infra-red (iii) Bluetooth (iv) Hotspot (v) Radio wave (vi) Mobile networks (3G/4G/5G)	O.2.1.3.1 state and describe types of wireless technologies in computer devices O2.1.3.2 state and discuss uses and security issues of wireless technologies in business context	
2.2 Demonstrate knowledge, uses and understanding of the	C2.2.1 Network environments (a) Types (i) internet	O2.2.1.1 define the terms internet, intranet, extranet and world wide web	

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Internet and the world wide web(WWW)	(ii) intranet (iii) extranet	O2.2.1.2 explain the difference between the internet and the world wide web O2.2.1.3 describe and distinguish the types of network environments O2.2.1.4 discuss uses of the Internet, intranet and extranet in a business environment
	C2.2.2 Internet Service Providers (ISP)	O2.2.2.1 Discuss the role of the ISP to access the internet
	C2.2.3 Browsing and searching techniques (a) Uniform Resource Locator (URL) (b) Browsers (c) search engines e.g. (advanced searches)	O2.2.3.1 define the term uniform resource locator(URL) O2.2.3.2 describe the structure of a uniform resource locator O2.2.3.3 explain the purpose and function of a web browser (functions include: storing cookies, storing bookmarks and favourites, recording user history, allowing use of multiple tabs, providing navigation tools and providing address bar) O2.2.3.4 explain how browsers and searching techniques access the internet.
2.3 demonstrate understanding and knowledge Internet communication methods	C2.3.1 Internet communication (a) methods i.e: (i) emails (ii) websites (iii) video conferencing (iv) social networking	O2.3.1.1 state and describe the uses of internet communication methods in business context O2.3.1.2 Describe the characteristics, uses and constrains of email communication, including acceptable language, guidelines set by an employer, the need for

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	services /	security, netiquettes, email
	platforms	groups, carbon copy (CC),
(•	blind carbon copy (BCC),
(v)	conferencing	forward, attachments,
, .	•	email spam and how to
(vi	portals	prevent them
		O2.3.1.3 Describe hardware, software and network connection required to set up video and audio conferencing
		O2.3.1.4 Discuss the types of social networking services or platforms including: chat rooms, instant messaging, forums, blogs, microblogs, podcast, social media and strategies to minimise potential danger
		O2.3.1.5 Discuss the uses of social networking services including: use by individual, businesses, organisations, governments, education, health care and finance
		O2.3.1.6 state and discuss advantages and disadvantages of internet communication methods

3. SECURITY				
GENERAL OBJECTIVES At the end of the programme students can:	Students will learn about:	Students will learn to:		
3.1 Demonstrate understanding and knowledge of security	C3.1.1 cyber security: (a) Security breaches: (i) denial of service attack (DOS) (ii) botnet (iii) malware (viruses, worm, Trojan-horse, adware, ransom ware, spyware) (iv) key logging (i) Hacking (white hat, grey hat, black hat) (b) Cyber attacks (i) pharming (ii) phishing (iii) smishing (iv) vishing	O3.1.1.1 define the term cyber security O3.1.1.2 state, describe and distinguish types of security breaches and their effects O3.1.1.3 discuss methods used to prevent security breaches including: anti-malware, anti- virus, anti-spyware, files and systems encryption, firewalls O3.1.1.4 define and discuss each type of cyber attacks and their effects O3.1.1.5 discuss the methods which could be used to prevent cyber attacks		
3.2 Demonstrate understanding and knowledge of data security	C3.2.1 Security measures (a) Physical (i) Intrusion detection (ii) Administrative access control (iii) Electronic access control (iv) Alarms (v) Cameras (vi) Smart card (b) Logical (i) User ID and passwords (ii) Biometrics (fingerprints, iris scan, face recognition, voice recognition) (iii) Two-step verification (iv) Privacy settings (v) Proxy server	O3.2.1.1 state and describe the difference between physical and logical security O3.2.1.2 discuss how physical and logical methods are used to prevent unauthorised access. O3.2.1.3 discuss advantages and disadvantages of physical and logical methods of security measures		

GENERAL OBJECTIVES	Students will learn about:	Students will learn to:		
At the end of the programme students can:	Students will learn about.	Students will learn to:		
4.1 Demonstrate skills of producing a system life cycle	C4.1.1 The system life cycle stages	O4.1.1.1 Define system life cycle O4.1.1.2 Explain the relationship between the stages of the system life cycle O4.1.1.3 Draw the system life cycle diagram		
4.2 Demonstrate skills of analysing a system	C4.2.1 Process of analysing the current system Analysing the current system (a) Research current system (observation, interviews, questionnaires, examination of existing documents) (b) Identification of inputs and outputs (c) Identifying the processing that take place (d) Identifying problems with current system Content (e) user requirements for the new system, (f) what are the information requirements, Purpose of specification (g) identify hardware and software for the new system	O4.2.1.1 discuss the analysis stage O4.2.1.2 feasibility study (Identify the main problems with existing system, investigate technical possibility and cost effectiveness to solve problem) O4.2.1.3 identify and describe methods of research O4.2.1.4 state and discuss advantages and disadvantages of research methods O4.1.1.5 describe the problems with the existing system O4.1.1.6 describe what the new system must be able to do O4.1.1.7 describe alternative solutions O4.1.1.8 describe technical, economical, legal and social factors that have been considered O4.4.1.9 recommend course of action		

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4.3 Demonstrate skills of designing a system	C4.3.1 Process of designing the new system	O4.3.1.1 discuss the design stage
doolgriing a dyotom	a) File structures and	O4.3.1.2 describe input formats, output formats and data storage
	data structures	O4.3.1.3 design user interfaces
	b) Input formats and validation routines	O4.3.1.4 describe security, backup and recovery procedures
	c) Output formats	
	d) Data storage and backup	
	e) Security procedures	
4.4 Demonstrate understanding and skills of Developing and Testing a system 4.5 Demonstrate understanding and skills of creating a document for a system	C4.4.1 Process of developing and testing the new system a) Test Plans, test designs, test strategies b) Test data including: types and purpose of test data (test plan, test data and live data) C4.5.1 Process of Documenting the new system (a) technical documentation (b) user documentation	O4.4.1.1 identify the need for testing and the purpose of a test plan, content of a test plan O4.4.1.2 create a test plan, design and test strategies (normal test data, extreme test data, abnormal test data and live test data) O4.4.1.3 testing of the system O4.5.1.1 Discuss the documentation stage O4.5.1.2 explain the need for user and technical documentation for information system O4.5.1.3 identify the components of user and technical documentation O4.5.1.4 produce user and technical document
4.6 Demonstrate	C4.6.1 Process of	O4.6.1.1 discuss the implementation
understanding and skills of implementing a	implementing the new system a) Training of staff on the	stage O4.6.1.2 state the need to train staff on
system	new system	the new system
	 b) Transfer files (paper or electronic) to the new 	O4.6.1.3 discuss how files/data can be transferred to the new system
	system. c) Change over to the new system	O4.6.1.4 discuss the methods of changing over to the new system (direct changeover, parallel running, pilot running, phased implementation)
		O4.6.1.5 discuss advantages and disadvantages of the implementation methods
4.7 Demonstrate	C4.7.1 Process of evaluating	O4.7.1.1 discuss the evaluating stage
knowledge and understanding of evaluating the system	the new system (Evaluation stage 6) a) evaluating the solution	O4.7.1.2 discuss the methods of evaluating a new system (in terms of efficiency, ease of
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b) methods of evaluating the new system	use and meeting user requirements)
	O4.7.1.3 evaluate the new system and carry out any maintenance when required

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5. SOLUTION DEVELOR	PMENT	
GENERAL OBJECTIVES At the end of the	Students will learn about:	Students will learn to:
programme students can:		
5.1 Plan, create and develop ICT solutions	C5.1.1 target audience consideration (a) location (b) age range (c) gender (d) accessibility	O5.1.1.1 plan, create and develop ICT solutions appropriate to purpose and target audience O5.1.1.2 Create ICT solutions using appropriate software
5.2 Design and create business documents	C5.2.1 Document layout i.e.: (a) Newsletters, (b) booklets, (c) posters, (d) invoices, (e) quotations, (f) business cards (g) report writing	O5.2.1.1 Plan and create business documents with different layouts appropriate for business
	C5.2.2 document styles i.e.: (a) colour schemes, (b) logos, (c) text formatings	O5.2.2.1 develop and use house styles in a business document
	C5.2.3 headers and footers i.e.: (a) file name, (b) file path, (c) personal details, (d) automated date and time, (e) automated page numbers	O5.2.3.1 format documents to include headers and footers
	C5.2.4 Page layout i.e.: (a) orientations, (b) margins, (c) columns, (d) sizes, (e) page breaks,	O5.2.4.1 Format the page layout to suite the purpose of the document

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 t end communication recinitions	, ,
(f) watermarks,	
(g) borders,	
(h) page colours,	
(i) table of contents,	
(j) table of figures	
(k) text box	
(I) Comments	
(m) End notes	
C5.2.5 Text e.g.:	C5.2.5.1 Format and edit text
(a) drop caps,	
(b) text flow control,	
(c) text wrapping,	
(d) text direction,	
(e) line spacing,	
(f) indentations	
C5.2.6 Import and export	O5.2.6.1 Import files from different
	sources i.e.: (.xlsx, .csv,
	.accdb)
	C5.2.6.2 Export documents to
	different file formats i.e.
	(.csv, .txt, .rtf, .pdf, .css, .htm, .docx, .xlsx, .pptx)
	man, raeest, mest, ippers
C5.2.7 Tables	O5.2.7.1 Create or import a table
00.2.7 145.00	with a specific number of
	rows and columns
	O5.2.7.2 Place text or object in a
	table
	O5.2.7.3 Format the design and
	layout of a table
C5 2 9 Images	OF 2.0.4 Import and add an increase (
C5.2.8 Images	O5.2.8.1 Import and edit an image of different file types including .jpg, .png,
	bmp to a document.
	O5.2.8.1 resize (maintain or adjust
	aspect ratio, crop, rotate, reflect,
	adjust colours and resolutions)

	C5.2.9 Mail merge	O5.2.9.1 Explain why mail merged
	Co.2.5 Mail Morge	documents are created
		O5.2.9.2 Edit master documents to insert appropriate fields from a data source
		O5.2.9.3 Insert special fields i.e. date
		O5.2.9.4 Select records to merge
		O5.2.9.5 Save and print merged documents
	C5.2.10 Proofing	O5.2.10.1 use automated tools to remove errors in a document
5.3 design, create and	C5.3.1 Create a structure	O5.3.1.1 The use of page orientation,
amend/edit spreadsheets	a) create a structure a) create page or screen structures to meet the requirements of an audience or task specification	page size, fit to page, margins, header, footer, showing row and column headings
	C5.3.2 Cells	O5.3.2.1 Name cells, and define cells
	(a) Name,	including a named range
	(b) Merge,(c) Align(Horizontal/Ve rtical),	O5.3.2.2 Edit the structure of an existing data model including inserting, deleting
	(d) change colour	cells rows and columns
	resize,	O5.3.2.3 Use absolute and relative referencing
	(e) change text direction, (f) validation,	O5.3.2.4 Explain why absolute and relative referencing are
	(g) relative referencing, absolute referencing	used O5.3.2.5 use validation and conditional formatting to restrict data in cells
	(h) protect cells and content	
	(i) Enter text and values	

C5.3.3 Rows/Columns (a) Resize, (b) hide/unhide, (c) freezing panes C5.3.4 Borders and shading	O5.3.3.1 Adjust row height, column width and cell sizes so that all data, labels and formula are fully visible O5.3.3.2 hide and display rows or columns O5.3.4.1 Add borders and apply shadings in selected areas. i.e. cells, rows and column
C5.3.5 format cell content (a) text, (b) number, (c) currency, (d) percentage, (e) date, (f) custom	O5.3.5.1 format numeric data to display the number of decimal places, a variety of different currency values, percentages and date
C5.3.6 sheets	O5.3.6.1 linking sheets within the same spreadsheet O5.3.6.2 set the spreadsheet to display formula and values O5.3.6.3 set the page orientation to portrait or landscape
C5.3.7 Functions and Formulae (a) MIN, MAX (b) SUM, SUMIF, SUMIFS (c) COUNT, COUNTA, COUNTIF, COUNTIFS (d) AVERAGE, AVERAGEIF, AVERAGEIFS (e) INT, ROUND, ROUNDUP, ROUNDDOWN (f) AND, OR (g) IF, Nested IF,	O5.3.7.1 Create formulae O5.3.7.2 Define the terms formula, functions and nested functions O5.3.7.3 Use functions and formulae

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	(h) LOOKUP, VLOOKUP, HLOOKUP (i) CONCATENATE, (j) LEFT, RIGHT, MID,UPPER, LOWER (k) NOW, TODAY, DATE, EDATE (l) What-IF analysis (goal seek) (m) RANK	
	(n) MATCH C5.3.8 charts and graphs	O5.3.8.1 select data to produce a graph or chart O5.3.8.2 label the graph or chart including: title, legend, axis, scales O5.3.8.3 change the maximum and minimum values of the axis scale O5.3.8.4 enhance the appearance of
5.4 Design, create and amend/edit databases	C5.4.1 Database record structures (a) entities (b) relational databases (c) attributes (d) entity Relation diagrams (e) primary and foreign keys (f) data dictionary	a graph or chart O5.4.1.1 define the terms flat file database and relational database O5.4.1.2 explain where it would be appropriate to use them O5.4.1.3 define and understand the terms primary key and foreign key and their role in a relational database
	C5.4.2 Import/export data e.g. (to .csv file or to other packages)	O5.4.2.1 identify the structure of external data with different file types, including: .csv, .txt, .rtf O5.4.2.2 locate, open and import data from an existing file O5.4.2.3 export data for use in another application

C5.4.3 tables (a) Data structures	O5.4.3.1 Design the required data/file structures i.e: field length, field name, data type
(b) Relationships	O5.4.3.2 Amend/edit existing tables
(c) Validation	O5.4.3.3 Assign and use primary and foreign keys
(d) Calculated fields	O5.4.3.4 assign appropriate data types to fields, including: text, numeric (integer, decimal, percentage, currency), date/time, Boolean/logical (-1/0, yes/no, true/false)
	O5.4.3.5 create a relationship between two or three tables
	O5.4.3.6 Design validation routines i.e.: length check, format check, presence check
	O5.4.3.7 Create calculated fields that do calculations at runtime
C5.4.4 Queries	O5.4.4.1 create/design, edit/amend a query
	O5.4.4.2 Create a calculated field that do calculations at run time
	O5.4.4.3 sort data into ascending or descending order
	O5.4.4.4 perform searches using a variety of operators including: AND, OR, NOT, LIKE, >, <, =, >=, <=, <>
	O5.4.4.5 perform searches using wildcards
C5.4.5 data entry forms	O5.4.5.1 Design, create, edit/amend an appropriate data entry form with the required fields, including: appropriate font styles and sizes, use of white space, radio buttons, drop down menus, labels, navigation

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	mormation	and Comm	iunication recrinology (5924) Sylla	DUS 2020-2020
					buttons, images, background colour
		C5.4.6 re	eports	O5.4.6.1	Produce reports to display all the required data and labels in full where required
				O5.4.6.2	use appropriate headers and footers within a database report, including: report header, report footer, page header, page footer
				O5.4.6.3	set report titles
				O5.4.6.4	produce different output layouts as required, including: tabular format, labels
				O5.4.6.5	perform calculations at run time using formulae and functions, including: addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, sum average, maximum, minimum, count
				O5.4.6.6	export data to be used in other programs
5.5	designing and creating dynamic websites for	la	Veb development ayers	O5.5.1.1	identify and describe the three web development layers
	business context	(a) Content: the content layer of a web page to meet the needs of the audience	O5.5.1.2	Explain function of the content layer, presentation layer and behaviour layer
		,	h) Dunnantation		

including.:

(b) Presentation(c) Behaviour

C5.5.2 Web authoring

(a) inserting in the head section of a appropriate objects into a web page title, attached stylesheets

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		(iii)	still images, moving images	O5.5.2.2	place appropriate elements in the body section of a web page
		(iv)	(video), sound clips(audio)	O5.5.2.3	insert a table, including: table header, table rows, table data
	(b) a	(v) (vi) (vii) (viii) apply :	hyperlinks comment email form email link styles to text a web page	O5.5.2.4	use appropriate table attributes, including: to adjust cells to span more than one row/column, to set table and cell sizes in terms of pixels and/or % values, to apply styles to tables
	ir (d) c	nto a v creatir	ng images web page ng navigation	O5.5.2.5	insert appropriate objects into a web page including: text, still images, moving images, sound clips
	а		a web page etween web	O5.5.2.6	apply styles to text within a web page
	(e) c	reatir xterna	ng generic al styles and style attributes	O5.5.2.7	apply styles to a list, including: ordered list, unordered list
			,	O5.5.2.8	insert an appropriate image into a web page
				O5.5.2.9	use appropriate image attributes, including: to adjust its size, aspect ratio and alternate text
				O5.5.2.10	styles and inline style attributes, including: background properties, font properties, table properties (i.e background colour, horizontal and vertical alignment, spacing, padding, borders: including collapsed, border thickness, visible/invisible)
				O5.5.2.1	1 create external styles to be tagged in a web page including: h1, h2, h3, p, li, as required
				O5.5.2.12	2 specify the font

appearance for each style, including features such as:

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		font family, size, colour, alignment, bold and italic
		O5.5.2.13 attach an external stylesheet to a web page using a relative file path
5.6 Designing and creating presentations	C5.6.1 Master slide (a) colour schemes (b) font styles and sizes (c) logos (d) headers and footers (e) automated slide numbering (f) personal details (g) automated date (h) setting text style levels	O5.6.1.1 use the master slide to place objects appropriately, including: images, text, logos, slide footers, automated slide numbering O5.6.1.2 use the master slide to set font styles, heading styles and colour schemes O5.6.1.3 manipulate and use specified areas for headings, subheadings, bullets, images, charts, colours, text boxes, presenter notes, audience notes
	C5.6.2 Presentation (a) Integration of dynamic information from other sources e.g. (charts from a spreadsheet) (b) Adding presenter and/or audience notes (c) Adding content e.g. (shapes, images, videos, audio, text) (d) Apply transitions and/or animations (e) Adding hyperlinks	O5.6.2.1 insert a new slide by selecting the appropriate slide type for the purpose O5.6.2.2 place text on the slides including: headings, subheadings, bulleted lists O5.6.2.3 place appropriate images on the slides, including: still images, video clips, animated images O5.6.2.4 place sound within a slide O5.6.2.5 place charts imported from a spread sheet O5.6.2.6 place other objects including: symbols, lines, arrows, call out boxes O5.6.2.7 create consistent transitions between pages O5.6.2.8 create consistent animation facilities on text, images and other objects
	C5.6.3 Slide enhancement	O5.6.3.1 use suitable software tools to display the presentation in

(a)	Printing	a variaty of formata including
	i illitarig	a variety of formats, including:
(c)	Showing audience and/or presenter/speaker notes, slight sorter Changing default	looped on-screen carousel, controlled presentation, presenter notes, audience notes, taking into account the needs of the
	printer settings e.g. (i) print without the date, (ii) slides layout (iii) colour)	audience

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COMPETENCIES

Candidates can:

- Demonstrate a sound knowledge and understanding of the range and scope of information processing applications and the techniques and systems needed to support them, some of which are outside everyday experiences;
- Have good grasp of terms and definitions and be able to contrast and compare related ideas;
- ➤ Be able to apply general principles of information processing to given situations and to be able to abstract general principles from given examples.
- ldentify a range of needs and opportunities and analyse, design and evaluate the most appropriate ways of addressing these using information systems;
- ➤ Be able to discuss methods of detecting the loss or corruption of electronic information and describe steps that minimise the like hood of abuse of personal information;
- ➤ Be able to use competently a broad range of software packages to successfully complete a wide variety of practical work-related tasks.
- Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the range and scope of information processing application and the of the techniques and systems needed to support them;
- Have a good grasp of basic terms and definitions and be able to contrast and compare related ideas:
- ➤ Identify some needs and opportunities and analyse, design and evaluate appropriate ways addressing these using information systems;
- ➤ Be able to control Information Technology devices showing an awareness of efficiency and economy;
- > Demonstrate a clear sense of audience and purpose in their presentations;
- Be able to use a range of software packages to complete a variety of practical work-related tasks:
- Demonstrate a basic knowledge and understanding of familiar, simple information processing applications and of the techniques and systems needed to support them;
- ➤ Have some knowledge of some of the basic terms and definitions;
- Respond to needs and opportunities and evaluate ways of addressing these using information systems
- Manipulate interrogate previously stored information;
- ➤ Use Information Technology to present work and demonstrate how it contributes to the development of their ideas;

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GRADE DESCRIPTIONS

Grades A*, A, B, C, D, E, F or G indicate the standard a candidate achieved.

A* is the highest and G is the lowest. 'Ungraded' means that the candidate's performance did not meet the standard required for grade G. 'Ungraded' is reported on the statement of results but not on the certificate. In specific circumstances your candidates may see one of the following letters on their statement of results:

- Q (result pending)
- X (no result)
- Y (to be issued)

These letters do not appear on the certificate.

Grades	Description
	Students recall, select and communicate a thorough knowledge and understanding of a broad range of ICT including the impact of its social and commercial use.
A	They apply knowledge, understanding and skills to a variety of situations, selecting and using a range of ICT tools efficiently to solve problems and produce effective ICT-based solutions. They manipulate and process data efficiently and effectively. They effectively model situations, sequence instructions, interpret information and creatively explore and develop ideas. They work systematically and understand and adopt safe, secure and responsible practices.
	They systematically analyse problems, identifying needs and opportunities. They critically analyse and evaluate the way they and others use ICT. They iteratively review their work and make improvements where appropriate. They use ICT to communicate effectively, demonstrating a clear sense of purpose and audience.
	Students recall, select and communicate a good knowledge and understanding of ICT, including the impact of its social and commercial use.
С	They apply knowledge, understanding and skills in a range of situations, applying ICT tools appropriately to address problems and provide ICT-based solutions. They select information and process data. They model situations, sequence instructions, select and use information, and explore ideas. They work using safe, secure and responsible practices.
	They analyse ways of addressing needs using ICT. They review and evaluate the way they and others use ICT. They review their work and make improvements where appropriate. They use ICT to communicate, demonstrating consideration of purpose and audience.

Grades	Description
E	Students recall, select and communicate a basic knowledge and understanding of aspects of ICT, including its use in the wider world. They apply limited knowledge, understanding and skills to address simple problems and create basic solutions using ICT tools. They select and present data and information, and use simple models and instructions. They demonstrate some awareness of the need for safe, secure and responsible practices.
	They respond to needs using ICT. They sometimes review and provide comments on the way they and others use ICT. They make simple modifications to their work in the light of progress. They use ICT to communicate, demonstrating limited awareness of purpose and audience.
G	Minimum Knowledge on ICT

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INCLUSION

The standard assessment arrangement may present unnecessary barriers for the candidates with disabilities or learning difficulties. Arrangements may be put in place for these candidates to enable them to access the assessments and receive recognition of their attainment.

Note:

Access arrangement will not be given if they will give candidates an unfair advantage over others or if they compromise the assessment standards.

More info on:

http://www.examscouncil.org.sz/

LANGUAGE

This syllabus and associated material are available in English.

TEACHER SUPPORT

Training

The Ministry of Education and Training conducts workshops for teachers to provide guidance and professional development so that they can give students the best possible preparation for Prevocational Programme

Support Material & Endorsed Resources

Examination Council of Eswatini offers the following to support the programme:

- Assessment Syllabus
- Exam preparation resources (Question Papers and Mark Schemes)
- Examiner reports to improve future teaching

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APPENDIX 1 GUIDELINES FOR THE PROJECT

The assessment that will contribute to the final grade will begin in Form 5. Information on the assessment will be sent by ECESWA at the beginning of the first term. Thereafter, candidates will begin the first stage of the project.

The nature of the project is a practical experience for candidates. Candidates are required to use ICT skills to solve a given situation.

The Project will be assessed in three (3) stages as follows:

Stage 1- Proposal - 15 marks

Each candidate will produce a proposal on how to solve a given situation using ICT solutions between 800 and 1000 words. The proposal will be submitted in soft copy (pdf) and hard copy by 31st March each year. Candidates should not wait for submission before they begin implementation of the project.

The proposal should include:

- Introduction background and purpose of the project
- Problem statement identification of ICT solutions that would be used to solve the situation given.
- Justification why use the particular ICT solution to solve the problem? i.e. Analysis of research leading to a justified reason for using ICT solution
- Methodology outline of the steps to follow to achieve the final solution.
- Time frame anticipated completion dates for each stage of project
- References list of sources of information

Stage 2 - Development (of ICT solution) - 75 marks

Design (30 marks)

Produce a system design document of the system which should detail the design to solve a given problem. This must include:

- The design data capture forms and screen layouts
- Data flow diagrams/algorithms
- hardware and software requirements
- input format, output format,
- design validation routines
- design the required data/file structures and list of variables

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Testing (10 marks)

This is a detailed test plan that will be carried out in each stage of development of the ICT solution and of the final product. It should also include the test results and improvements or changes made to the system as a result of testing

Implementation and Product realisation (25 marks)

Develop the ICT solution based on the design specification.

Product realisation will be the completed ICT solution (software) which should be completed to a high standard, made with precision and accuracy. It should meet all that was set in the design specification and system requirements.

Documentation (10 marks)

Produce a user document. This must include:

- purpose of the system,
- hardware and software requirements,
- how the system works,
- how to load/run/install software,
- error messages, error handling,
- troubleshooting guide/helpline,
- · frequently asked questions,

Stage 3 - Evaluation - 10 marks

You are required to evaluate your completed ICT solution against the original tasks requirements. The evaluation should include:

- How the completed ICT solution meets your business requirements
- The analysis of your test results
- · Issues you identified and how you overcame them
- Limitations of the system and improvements that can be made

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Report/Portfolio Submission mode

Report should be submitted as a softcopy in pdf format and as a hard copy booklet. This document must be presented in Arial font style, size12, single line spacing.

All reports should be submitted electronically in pdf format and as a hard copy booklet. Checklist:

Items to be submitted to ECESWA

ITEM	DATE SUBMITTED
Formal proposal document	
Design specification document	
Test plan containing iterative tests during development of website and final	
testing	
Completed ICT solution (software)	
User documentation	
Final evaluation report	

The Project will be assessed by an external examiner over the duration of the project.

The external examiner will assess each stage of the project.

Submission Dates

- Proposal by 31st March each calendar year
- Project Report and Portfolio by 31st October each calendar year

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APPENDIX 2 - PROJECT ASSESSMENT CRITERIA

Introduction

The Assessment Criteria is derived from the specification set outcomes. It outlines clearly the expected outcomes, so that teachers and assessors can all make reasonably objective judgement with respect to student achievement or non-achievement. It is essential that the chosen project should test their design and making skills, but also include aspects of planning and evaluation. The Project has a maximum of 100 marks and is assessed by the teacher and an External Assessor.

NOTE: All records and supporting written work should be retained at the school until the publication of results.

Marks submitted for the project must be based completely on the candidates own work and not that of others

The Portfolio must include sufficient evidence of the ICT solution showing an overall view together with detailed views of evidence to support the award of marks.

Stage 1									
Proposal	Introduction Problem statement Justification Methodology Time frame References								
Stage 2									
Design	The of design data capture forms and screen layouts Data flow diagrams/algorithms hardware and software requirements input format, output format, design validation routines design the required data/file structures and list of variables	30 marks							
Test plan	detailed test plan module testing final product testing and improvements	10 marks							
Implementation and Product realisation	Develop the ICT solution based on the design specification and system requirements Product realisation will be the completed ICT solution (software) which should be completed to a high standard, made with precision and accuracy. It should meet all that was set in the design specification and system requirements.	25 marks							
Documentation	purpose of the system, hardware and software requirements, how the system works, how to load/run/install software, error messages, error handling, troubleshooting guide/helpline, frequently asked questions,	10 marks							
Stage 3									
Evaluation	How the completed ICT solution meets your business requirements? The analysis of your test results. Issues you identified and how you overcame them. Limitations of the system and improvements that can be made.	10 marks							

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APPENDIX 3 - COMMAND WORDS

	Write about what is similar and different about two things. For a							
COMPARE	comparison, two elements or themes are required. Two separate							
	descriptions do not make a comparison.							
COMPLETE	To add the remaining detail or details required.							
CONTRAST	Write about the different between two things.							
CALCULATE	Work out/ Marks are usually awarded for both the functions							
CALCOLATE	(formulas) and outcome (values).							
DEFINE	Give the meaning or definition of a word of phrase.							
	Write what something is like or where it is. Describe may be used for							
	questions about resources in the question paper (describe the trend of							
DESCRIBE	a graph, the location of a settlement on a map, etc.), it may also be							
	used when you need to describe something from memory (describe a							
	meander, etc.)							
EXPLAIN ACCOUNT FOR /	Write about why something occurs or happens.							
GIVE REASONS FOR	White about why something occurs of happens.							
GIVING YOUR VIEWS	Say what you think about something.							
HOW	In what way? To what extent? By what means/method? May be							
11011	coupled with show how (prove how, demonstrate how).							
IDENTIFY	Pick out something from information you have been given.							
	To state or specify or identify. To give the word or words by which a							
NAME	specific feature is known or to give examples which illustrate a							
	particular feature.							
STATE	Set down in brief detail. To refer to an aspect of a particular feature by							
JIAIL	a short statement or by words or by a single word.							
	Used to form a question. Use comparative statements to describe the							
WHAT	Used to form a question. Use comparative statements to describe the							

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APPENDIX 4 ROLE OF EXTERNAL ASSESSOR

In competence-based assessments, the role of assessor is essential. A very close monitoring is essential in view of ensuring that reliability and comparability of standards can be maintained to the levels of external examinations, through external moderation.

It is the role of ECESWA to ensure the reliability, credibility and validity of awards by appointing external assessors to monitor the standard of all assessments being carried out at Centres.

External assessors will be sent out by ECESWA to assess the Practical Examination (Project) soon after it has been sent to schools. Schools will be notified of the dates, for each subject area.

It is essential for the success of this exercise that there is regular and open communication between the Centre and the visiting assessor and that a good working relationship is established.

The main duties of the visiting assessor are to approve, monitor and evaluate practical examination assessments.

Assessors will ensure that: proper procedures have been followed by examining centres' assessment records and observing practical assessments taking place; practical exam assessments have been correctly administered; all candidates who have met the required standard are recorded as successful.

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Appendix 5: Declaration Form

A: Student	
Iconf work. I have not copied or based my work on any samples or exe Any work taken from another source has been appropriately refe submitting previously submitted work.	emplars to which I have had access.
Signature:	Date
B: Teacher	
Iverify that enable me to say with confidence that this is the candidate's own we and these checks included looking for: copying from any sample other students; the possibility of a third person preparing the work; work.	ork. The work has been fully checked es/exemplar materials; copying from
Supervisor Name:	
Supervisor Signature:	Date



EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL OF ESWATINI ESWATINI PREVOCATIONAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION

ICT Paper 3 - Summary Assessment Sheet.

Name of Centre												Z					Date	Υ	Y	Y	Y
Candidate's Stage 1						Stage 2 Development											Stage 3				
			Proposal	De	Implementation and Product Design Testing Realisation Documentation									on		uation		Final Grade			
Number		Name	15	3	30	1	0		2	5				10			1	10 (out o			
Teacher's Name			Date D			D	D I	М	М	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Sig	gnature	9					
External Examiner Name			Date D			D	D I	М	М	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Sig	gnature)					

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